

# The Saturday Evening Post

VOLUME I.

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**CONDITIONS.**  
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Subscribers will have the privilege to insert an advertisement, throughout the year, to the extent of half a square, at two dollars additional, with alterations for alterations. Non-subscribers pay the usual prices. A wish to discontinue the paper must be made known before the expiration of the time specified for, or the engagement will be considered good for another six months.

**HYMN AT SEA.**  
And of the tempest and the flood,  
Who smit'st the elements thy seat,  
Whom 'st thou upon the coursing cloud,  
While darkness gathers round thy feet,  
Thou thou the helpless brother band,  
That raise their earnest cry to thee;  
Thou hold'st the thunder in thy hand,  
Protect thy servants far at sea!

When from their caverns, night-storms roar  
And lash the bosom of the deep,  
When mingling torrents fiercely pour,  
And o'er heav'n's brow the lightnings sweep,  
When thou, O God! walk'st on thy way,  
With love, let terrors tempered be,  
Lord of the wave! be thou their stay,  
The wand'ring refuge far at sea!  
When breezes press the swelling sail,  
And lull the weary sailor's cheer,  
When safely weath'ring every gale,  
To fancy's ken, wish'd port appears,  
Then thou may'st sing of gratitude,  
Lord of the ocean! rise to thee;  
Thou wilt accept, nor deem it rude,  
The heart's pure offering far at sea.

When the brief voyage of life is o'er,  
Wafted to yonder brighter clime,  
The pilgrim treads another shore,  
Safe from the bounding waves of time;  
Receive him, Lord! redeemed alone,  
By the red font of Calvary;  
To do—the hymn before the throne,  
The God he worship'd far at sea.

**WHEN FAR AWAY.**  
When far away—wilt thou never recall,  
On the wings of fond memory these moments of bliss?  
Thou friendship claim thee—wilt thou forget all  
The dear little tokens and pleasures of this?  
When the hand shall no more gain thy ear to his  
Whisper, when early affection he pensively sings,  
And don to another thy kindness shall pay,  
O pause for a while on what memory brings.  
Thou far away—in some genial clime,  
Remember—no distance nor time can efface,  
From his mind, thy dear worth, which in earlier  
Time gain'd in his warmest affections a place.  
When softly the moon sheds a sweet mellow ray  
On the landscape that circles thy dwelling so dear,  
Think on the times that have faded away,  
When the beams of our bliss shone so lovely and clear.  
And while she emits her last tints in the west,  
And sprinkles with silver yon sweet wave of blue;  
Think on the hour, when our friendship was  
Sweet, and most dearly we priz'd it—we bade our adieu.  
Nov. 14, 1822. PASQUIN.

**TOOTH POWDER.**  
And valuable Powder,  
It is not only given  
But preserves and beautifies  
The teeth.  
DROPS for the  
EYES. LOTION for  
the face, and to fasten  
the hair. Price 25  
cents. Sent by mail  
for sale by S. MILLER  
at Spruce-street.

**WOOD.**  
Front and Second  
streets, Philadelphia.  
STRUCTURES and  
buildings on hand, the  
Wheat-Pans, and the  
Ch-Fans; also, the  
earthenware and  
all other Goods.  
S. of every  
description, and  
other persons,  
in relation to the  
business.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

**STANZAS.**  
When the midnight moon is playing  
O'er the ocean's briny foam,  
Fancy then the look portraying,  
Proudly waits the wand'ring home.  
Then she marks the steamer curling,  
High upon the glittering mast,  
And her belying canvass furling,  
Steers her safe in port at last.  
But should e'er her footsteps roaming,  
View that bark by tempest tost,  
Ocean round in anger foaming,  
Hope a stranger—Reason lost—  
She will then, that tempest hushing,  
Bear the soul to brighter skies,  
Calmer from its fatal rushing,  
Brighter from the sacrifice.  
Nov. 1822.

**CHARITY.**—Happy is the man who  
has sown in his breast the seeds of charity  
and love! From the fountain of his heart  
rise rivers of goodness; and the streams  
overflow for the benefit of mankind. He  
assists the poor in their trouble; he rejoices  
in promoting the welfare of all men. He  
does not harshly censure his neighbor; he  
believes not the tales of envy and malevo-  
lence, nor repeats their slanders.  
He forgives the frailties of men; he  
wipes them from his remembrance; re-  
venge and malice have no place in his  
heart. For evil he returns not evil; he  
hates not even his enemies; but requites  
their injustice with friendly admonition.  
The griefs and anxieties of men excite his  
compassion; he endeavors to alleviate the  
weight of their misfortunes; and the plea-  
sure of success rewards his labour.  
He calms the fury, he heals the quarrels  
of angry men; and prevents the mischiefs  
of strife and animosity. He promotes in  
his neighborhood peace and good will; and  
his name is repeated with praise and bene-  
dictions.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

The fanaticism of mankind has perhaps  
in nothing manifested itself to a greater  
extent than in the cruel persecutions in-  
flicted on the Jews. The history of this  
devoted people for the last eighteen hun-  
dred years, is one tissue of suffering and  
oppression. In the first ages of Christiani-  
ty, they were subjected in common with  
the professors of that name, to the con-  
tumely and persecutions of Pagan priests  
and emperors; but when Christianity be-  
came predominant over Pagan theology—  
when it became the religion of the empire  
under Constantine, they were excluded  
from sharing its triumphs. Christians,  
though they had suffered severe persecu-  
tions, being now clothed with juridical  
power, turn persecutors themselves, and  
from that period to the present, they have  
treated Jews as heretics, of all others the  
most criminal—even where they have been  
tolerated, they have enjoyed only a con-  
temptuous kind of protection—driven  
from place to place—exiled from one country  
they have taken refuge in another, and  
have sought in vain for a resting place for  
their feet, and what is very remarkable,  
although they have been driven to and fro,  
and have been dispersed into every coun-  
try upon the face of the globe, still they  
are found, tenaciously adhering, amidst re-  
proaches and persecutions, to the religious  
ceremonies and habits of their fore-  
fathers. The spirit of philanthropy, how-  
ever, seems of latter years to be gradually  
preparing the minds of Christian rulers  
for a more free toleration and protection.  
To improve the condition of this forlorn  
people, laudable attempts have been made  
in divers places for their conversion to  
Christianity, and a more liberal spirit is  
evidently unfolding itself in the conduct of  
all Christian governments towards them.  
But in no country beside our own, do they  
enjoy their civil and religious rights in  
common with Christians, under the guar-  
antee of the government. Human nature  
shudders at the barbarous cruelty, to  
which this people have been exposed.—In  
the time of Edward the First, the penal  
laws of England provided "that no Jew  
should walk or ride any where within the  
realm of England, without a yellow badge  
on his garment, under pain of death—nor  
shall he condemn or blaspheme Jesus  
Christ, under pain of being burnt—nor  
shall any Jew stir out of his house on Good  
Friday—nor shall strike a Christian un-  
der pain of having his right arm cut off—  
nor shall kill a Christian under pain of  
being hung alive on a gibbet, and fed with  
bread and water till he dies—if any Jew  
cheat a Christian, the rest of the Jews to  
make full compensation—no Jew to be  
sworn upon the holy Evangelists, nor his  
evidence to be admitted against Christians  
—all Jewish children as soon as born to

be taken by the rector of the parish, and  
put to nurse, and brought up in the Chris-  
tian religion, and the Jews to pay all the  
expences—all Jewish Rabbis and Doctors  
found teaching against the Christian reli-  
gion, to be burnt alive—all Jews to be com-  
pelled to go and hear Christian doctrines  
preached once a week—no Jew to be bur-  
ied in consecrated ground—and at no  
time is any Jew to correspond with the  
enemies of England under pain of death,  
nor is he to enter or depart the realm with-  
out license under pain of death."—Such  
were the unrighteous edicts of a govern-  
ment assuming the Christian name, and  
what a proud reflection that the peaceful  
principles of religion, and the genuine  
spirit of philanthropy have superceded  
these edicts, more cruel than those in-  
scribed by the bloody pen of a Draco.

RECLUSE.

**A Novel and Atrocious Character.**

During the awful prevalence of the plague  
on the north east of Spain in the autumn  
of 1821, a foreigner, who was variously  
said to be a Jew, a Turk, an Armenian and  
a renegade, but whose acknowledged voca-  
tion was that of a merchant, in which capac-  
ity he had amassed a large property, visited  
the devoted city of Barcelona. A letter  
from thence gives the following account of  
this singularly atrocious character:—

"This man, who, from his long white  
beard might have been taken for a patri-  
arch, had been an eye witness of all the  
plagues that had desolated, of late years,  
the Turkish empire. As soon as he had  
heard that a pestilence had broken out in  
any city, he immediately hastened to it.—  
He used to account for these extraordinary  
journeys, by the advantage he found in  
purchasing his goods at a lower rate than  
usual in such desolated countries; but still  
it seemed inexplicable how a lust of gold  
could so far overcome the love of life, and  
how the old man, who was already so rich,  
should continually expose himself to al-  
most inevitable death. Questions put to  
this traveller were never answered clearly.  
—When he arrived at such a theatre of  
death he wrapped himself from head to  
foot in tarred linen, covered his hands with  
black leather gloves, his face with a glass  
mask, and thus guarded against infection,  
and provided with a stick, which had an  
iron hook at the end, he entered the infected  
houses; there he possessed himself of  
whatever he found, seized on hidden treas-  
ures, and the most valuable utensils, and  
tore their jewels from the bodies of the  
dead. More than once he is said to have  
hastened the effects of the pestilence, and  
to have given the death blow to the victims  
whose cries would have interrupted him  
in perpetrating his robberies. If chance  
led him into a house which was still free  
from contagion, he announced himself as a  
physician, and won to those who confided  
in his skill. Loaded with treasures he al-  
ways returned to Venice, where, admired  
by every body on account of the success  
of his enterprise, he waited for the signal  
for fresh booty like the carrion vulture.

"The news of the distress of Barcelona  
became glad tidings for this wretch, and  
he had already carried on his horrid trade  
amongst us a fortnight, when he was de-  
tected in the very act of stabbing a patient  
who was quite delirious. This patient was  
a young French merchant, who was greatly  
beloved at Barcelona on account of his in-  
tegrity. He had just lost his wife and two  
sons, and was himself struggling against  
the distemper, which had hitherto spared  
this courageous young man, who most ten-  
derly devoted himself to his family. He  
was murdered almost in the arms of his  
countryman, Capt. R. who was near his  
friend in an adjoining room. Hearing the  
door opened, he hastened back to the pa-  
tient; sees the villain stab his friend to  
the heart, rushes on him, seizes him, and  
throws him on the ground after a hard  
struggle, in which the old wretch shewed  
much more strength than could have been  
expected.—"Sir," cried the wretch, finding  
himself overpowered, "surely you will not  
kill me."—"Villain, what hast thou done?"  
"But he was so ill!"—"And those things  
which you had already stolen!"—"I thought  
every body was dead; give me my life: I  
will make you a rich man."—"You dare  
to offer me your blood-stained gold?"  
—"Sir, be without fear; I possess several  
remedies against the plague; I will give  
you as many sequins as you can carry."—"  
And were you to offer me two arrobas?"  
—"You shall have ten," said the murderer,  
and received the Captain's sword through  
his heart.

"The Magistrates seized the body of  
the pretended Israelite, and had it hung  
at the corner of Regomin-street. They  
also sent officers to the house in which he  
had lived, and ordered all they found there  
to be sold, for the benefit of the poor."

**ON THE TIMES.**—Honesty is fled from the  
world, and Sincerity is fallen asleep;  
Piety has hidden herself; Justice cannot  
find the way; the Helper is absent from  
home; Charity lies sick; Benevolence is  
under arrest; Faith is nearly extinguish-  
ed; the Virtues go a begging, and Truth  
has long since been buried.—Credit has  
turned crazy, and Conscience is nailed on  
the wall.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

**AUTUMN—AN ALLEGORY.**

Bleak blew the winds through the rust-  
ling forest, when from the steep mountain  
summit, brown and craggy, forth rose the  
wild autumnal maid. She stood bending  
her tall form o'er a rock, as pensive she  
leaned her half-clad arm upon its broken  
sharpness; and by turns, sighed, or sung,  
a note of plaintive sweetness. Her loose  
auburn tresses were deep encircled with a  
wreath of glittering frost, from which arose  
a misty plume of curling vapours, shading  
a visage strongly marked with grave, but  
interesting features. The summer sun  
had tinged her cheek with yellow, and her  
verdant robe, was faded some by much  
exposure to the changing weather. She is  
austere, but generous; and when she  
frowns, 'tis with wide extended hand,  
which deals her bounties out to mortals.  
She rides upon the circles of the wind,  
and breathes her saddening duties through  
the beauteous creation. Lo! she pros-  
trates the ripened fruits to earth, and bids  
the husbandman haste to gather the pro-  
duce of his fields, and prepare to greet  
approaching winter. Lo! at her chilling  
touch the proud corn-fields turn pale, and  
agitated shrink their height. She breathes  
upon the green quivering foliage, and lo!  
it assumes varied gorgeous hues. She  
sweeps along the fields of fresh verdure,  
and they withering mourn in sombre sad-  
ness. Her temper is most flexible, for  
often she relents her cruelty; and smiles  
on expiring nature, deep regretting, that  
by her approach the wood and grove must  
stand naked and shivering in the wintry  
blast. When she weeps, the heavens col-  
lecting blackness, obscure the sun, and  
down the pattering rain descends and swells  
the winding streamlets. The rough moun-  
tain torrents roar more fiercely, and the  
bellowing winds, strew the earth with my-  
riads of blighted leaves. If she deign to  
smile, the sun emerging from his dark pa-  
vilion, bursts forth with splendour, and  
gentle gales float among the ruined leaves,  
which whisper sorrow, that they so soon  
must separate, so soon must fall, and mingle  
with the dust forever.—Though grave,  
she is a lovely maid, and though melan-  
choly her mein, she has a thousand fasci-  
nating charms, which never fail to capti-  
vate the soul of sensibility, and inspire a  
pleasing sadness. She loves to make the  
mind retrace "the days of other years,"  
and cause it to lament the joys that never  
will return. She likes to make us linger  
round the tombs of those we loved, and  
tell us, that we soon must lay our frail  
forms down in the grave, and sleep till  
she herself shall wake no more upon this  
changing zone. She bids us seek for last-  
ing happiness, beyond these swift revolving  
spheres, and by her own transient life, in-  
stills the frailty of all earth-born scenes  
and pleasures. She wanders round where-  
ever verdure dwells, till each leaf is deep  
embrowned, and each tree, stripped of its  
gay attire, and every fragrant plant is nip-  
ped by her decaying touch; then disap-  
pears, before the white-robed maid of win-  
ter, who comes rushing from the northern  
wilds, in all her desolating fierceness.  
Nov. 1822. E.

**FASHIONS.**

It is said by the idolaters of the beau  
monde that, "it is better to be out of the  
world than out of the fashion;" but they  
must recollect, that it is but a very small  
circle to whom they give lessons; their  
coat may be made entirely different from  
what may be the ton in Japan; and in their  
eating they could not probably be dandies  
in Abyssinia, as the following record of  
taste and elegance of manners there will  
testify.

No man of fashion in Abyssinia feeds  
himself, or touches his own meat. The  
women take the raw steak, cut it length  
ways, then cross ways, into square pieces;  
they lay on a piece of telf bread dough,  
strongly seasoned with cayenne pepper  
and fœvil salt; they then wrap it up in telf  
bread like a cartridge; in the mean time,  
the man having put away his knife, with  
each hand resting on his neighbor's knee,  
his body stooping, his head low and for-  
ward, and his mouth open, very like an  
idiot, he turns to her whose first cartridge  
is ready, who stuffs the whole of it into his  
mouth, which is so full that he is in con-  
stant danger of being choked. This is the  
greatest mark of grandeur and fashion;  
the greater the man, the more he will take  
into his mouth at once; and the more noise  
he makes in chewing it. The proverb  
being "Beggars and thieves eat only small  
pieces, and without making a noise."—  
Having dispatched this morsel, which is  
done with a "slight of" throat, his next

female neighbor hands another cartridge,  
which gives the same way until he has  
quarantined himself. He never drinks until  
he has finished eating; and before he be-  
gins, in gratitude to the fair ladies who  
feed him, he makes up two small rolls of  
the same kind and form, and at the same  
they open their pretty delicate mouths and  
take in their portion. He then falls to  
drinking out of a horn, and then the party  
and joke goes round.

**ON FEMALE CHARMS.**

The finest features, ranged in the most  
exact symmetry, and heightened by the  
most blooming complexion, must be natu-  
rated before they can strike, and when  
they are animated, will generally excite  
the same passions which they express.—  
If they are fixed in the dead calm of in-  
sensibility, they will be examined without  
emotion; and if they do not express kind-  
ness, they will be viewed without love.—  
Looks of contempt, disdain or malevo-  
lence, will be reflected, as from a mirror,  
by every countenance in which they are  
turned; and if a wanton aspect excites de-  
sire, it is but that of a savage for his prey,  
which cannot be gratified without the de-  
struction of its object.

Among particular graces, the dimple has  
been allowed the pre-eminence, and the  
reason why, is evident; dimples are pro-  
duced by a smile, and a smile is an ex-  
pression of complacency; so the contrac-  
tion of the brows into a frown, as it is an  
indication of contrary temper, has always  
been deemed a capital defect.

The lover is generally at a loss to de-  
fine the beauty by which his passion was  
suddenly and irresistibly determined to a  
particular object; he tells you it is some-  
thing which he cannot fully express, some-  
thing not fixed in any part, but diffused  
over the whole; he calls it a sweetness, a  
softness, a placid sensibility, or gives it  
some other appellation which connects  
beauty with sentiment, and expresses a  
claim which has no peculiar set of features,  
but is perhaps, possible to all.

This beauty, however, does not always  
consist in smiles; but varies as expressions  
of meekness and kindness vary with their  
objects; it is extremely forcible in the si-  
lent complaint of patient suffering, the  
tender solicitude of friendship, and the  
glow of filial obedience; and in tears,  
whether of joy, of pity, or grief, it is al-  
most irresistible.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

**ANECDOTES—ORIGINAL.**

**Irish notions of a Steam Boat.**—Two  
sons of Erin just arrived from home, and  
walking along our wharves observed one  
of our ferry steam boats crossing the river,  
and seeing the rapid current of water  
which the dashing of the wheel sent behind  
her—"luk, luk," said Paddy, "what a  
dom sight of water that little thing must  
have in her belly, luk, Jemmy, luk, how  
fast she keeks it out."

**A sorry Anecdote.**—How common it is  
to express our regret at the accidental  
misfortunes of our neighbours, but how  
often does a selfish spirit predominate and  
"freeze the genial current of the soul." A  
poor carter's horse fell into the dock and  
was drowned—a great many expressions  
of pity were heard among the crowd, that  
had been drawn by the accident to the  
spot—one was sorry for the poor man—  
another was very sorry—in fact, there was  
a general expression of sorrow. A French-  
man among the rest pulling off his *chapeau*,  
put a bank note into it saying, to the by-  
standers, "I sorry de poor man five *de*  
*dear*, now how much you sorry him"—this  
was expressing sorrow to some purpose—  
and it is sorrowful to add, that so little  
connection had the heart with the tongue,  
that not one *son* was added to the liberal  
donation of the truly benevolent French-  
man.

**How people live in town.**—A very ho-  
nest-hearted Dutchman who had seen but  
little of the world, took it into his head to  
visit the metropolis, a place he had never  
before seen—but among all the wonders  
which perplexed him, he "couldn't zee  
how de beoples all got a liften upon te  
down—tey all stands or walks about un-  
derneath te sky none at all."—One of his  
experienced neighbours explained the mys-  
tery thus: "I tells you Hans—dey follows  
scheaten one another, und dat dey calls pi-  
siness, und dat's te way dey kits dere lif-  
fen!"

**Are Beasts mere Machines?**—Dr. Ar-  
naud d'Antilly one day talking with the  
Duke de Liancourt upon the new philoso-  
phy of M. Descartes, maintained that  
Beasts were mere machines, and had no  
sort of reason to direct them; and that,  
when they cried or made a noise, it was  
only one of the wheels of the clock or ma-  
chine that made it. The Duke, who was  
of a different opinion, replied "I have now  
in my kitchen two turnspits, who take their  
turns regularly every other day to get into  
the wheel; one of them, not liking his em-  
ployment, hid himself on the day that he  
should work, so that his companion was  
forced to mount the wheel in his stead, &  
crying and wagging his tail, he made a  
noise for those in attendance to follow him  
immediately conducted them to a  
where he dislodged the idle dog,  
ed him immediately."







## Compendium.

In the report of deaths at Mobile from July to October, we notice the names of Thomas Gifford, William Cathcart, and George Slayter, formerly of Philadelphia.

The fever at New-Orleans had not abated on the 19th ult. Among the deaths were the name of John Vandegrift, of Philadelphia, announced.

Since the commencement of the present year, there have been 67 deaths among the sailors of the Navy of the U. States.

A body in the vicinity of Bridgeton, N. J. who is about sixty years of age, recently had a worm, six inches in length, ejected from her throat, during the night while in bed.

Gen. Hull is at present on a visit at the seat of Government.

A numerous gang of thieves has been detected at Montreal, and their depot for stolen goods discovered.

At Castleton, Vt. an institution for the study of medical science has recently been established, by private funds, and is already in so flourishing a condition as to contain nearly ninety students.

A stable was recently burnt in Cincinnati, Ohio. The owner of a contiguous house sustained considerable loss by the heavy removal of his furniture. Some persons were so inconsiderate as to throw crockery and the window-ashes from the second story to the ground, for the purpose of preserving them!

Mobile of an excellent quality has recently been excavated from the lands of Mr. Jacob Stienman, in Lancaster county Pa.

The money affairs of Kentucky appear to be in as bad a condition as ever. A project is now on foot in the legislature, to make a loan of bank notes—that is, to borrow one million of dollars of the paper of the Bank of the Commonwealth, as soon as the same can be called in. This Bank, it seems, has only \$2,635 25 cents in specie, in its vaults!

**Recent Remains.**—A large hemlock log, in a perfect state of preservation, was recently found, several feet beneath the surface, while digging a ditch at Worcester, county of Albany N. Y. Trees of a very large size had grown directly over it, and it was presumed the log must have lain under ground for three or four centuries.

In the Legislature of New Jersey, now in session, the bill for ascertaining the most eligible route for, and probable expense of, forming a canal to unite the waters of the Delaware and Passaic, was passed, Nov. 14, 27 to 9, and sent to Council; and the bill to incorporate the Theological Seminary at Princeton, was read third time, Nov. 15, and passed, 25 to 12.

By the bursting of the boiler of the steam boat *Beck*, on the Mississippi, near Point Chico, on the 24th Sept. two men were killed and seven others severely scalded. The *Beck* was from New-Orleans, bound to St. Louis, and had lost during the voyage, the Captain, Mate, Pilot, Steward, and seven others, (five of whom were passengers) by fire.

Six persons have been found guilty of an assault on two free colored boys at York, Penn. and fined fifty cents each, with costs of prosecution. The boys had been taken into custody on suspicion of being runaway, and detained with the expressed intention of sending them to Maryland.—They were released from the hands of the defendants by the inhabitants of the place where they were seized.

Thomas T. Fasker, of West-Chester, Penn. advertises a new and useful improvement in distilling by steam, by which he says more liquor can be made, and of a better quality, in the same time, with less labor, and one third less wood, than by the present mode.

The legislature of Ohio have declared, "That no black or mulatto persons, shall hereafter be permitted to be sworn, or give evidence in any Court of Record, or elsewhere, in that state, in any case depending, or matter of controversy, where either party to the same is a white person, or in any prosecution which shall be instituted in behalf of the State against any white person."

The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, have chartered a vessel to convey to the Sandwich Isles, a missionary family consisting of about twenty persons, men and women. Among them are three Owyhean youths from the school at Cornwall.

The man who stabbed another at Wilmington, Del. some time since, and was committed to prison on a charge of murder, had his trial last week, and has been acquitted. A woman was at the same time convicted of the crime of arson.—There are now in the prison at New-Castle, three persons under sentence of death.

Mr. Joseph Mosely, of Chaplin, (Conn.) has eleven children, all now living. The youngest is about 30 years of age, and they average upwards of 200 pounds each!

Not long ago, a man was found hanging from a tree in Heidelberg township, Lehigh county, Pa. having such marks on his body as rendered it pretty evident that he had committed suicide. He was a drover, and had previously some money about him.

A man in Schuylkill county, Pa. named *Frank*, in attempting to shoot a deer, recently wounded four of his children—the eldest, a young woman between 20 and 22 years of age, received a part of the contents of the gun in her bosom, and expired shortly afterwards in great agony.

Two persons have lately lost their lives at Newcastle in consequence of their being down with the pernicious *lobelia* infection. John Thompson supposed to be a student of the noted empiric of that name, who was indicted in 1809 for killing a person in Beverly, (Mass.) by gross and

skilful ignorance in administering this drug, which has since proved fatal in a number of cases in the hands of him or his disciples.

**Gridiron.**—A new Gridiron has been invented by a gentleman of Connecticut, the bars of which are of hollow wrought iron, having a large tin reflector, which throws the heat on the article to be cooked, and a dripping pan to receive the gravy. This gridiron is so constructed as to secure seven-eighths of the juices of the meat; and the several parts take to pieces, and can readily be cleaned; the bars are on an inclined plane, and the elevation secures every drop of juice in the dripping pan, to the great saving of the butter, &c.

The annual amount of revenue of the New York grand canal, will this year fall little short of \$300,000 nearly 20,000 dollars more than the estimate furnished to the legislature at its late session.

The Lancaster Gazette states, that the river Susquehanna has risen seven feet within the last few days, and continues to rise.

A body of Methodists in Kentucky have lately separated themselves from the Episcopal Methodists, and instituted a mode of church government for their own which nearly resembles that of Presbyterians.

**Great Crop.**—Messrs. J. and Mr. Pratt, of Eaton, Madison county, N. Y. raised the present year, from three acres of ground, the astonishing quantity of four hundred and ninety-four and an half bushels of Indian corn—an average of one hundred and seventy-two and an half bushels to the acre.

A number of boys before the Norfolk Theatre, undertook, in jest, to rob the Box Office, which they accomplished by introducing at the pigeon hole a stick tarred at the end, which they laid on the bank notes and helped themselves plentifully. They were detected and imprisoned.

On Friday morning last, a convict at the State Prison near Boston, made his escape from a sloop at the dock, but whether by drowning or otherwise was not ascertained.

**New Jersey.**—The Legislature of New-Jersey have incorporated a Banking Company, with a capital of \$300,000, under the name of the *Hoboken Banking and Grazing Company*. They have also at their late session incorporated the Steam Mill Bank, at Salem, and the Whale and Fishing Company at Amboy.

Flour in Lima on the 14th Sept. is quoted at \$30 per barrel in bond. Fine speculation if it can be got in.

**Hydrophobia.**—Sarah Capehart, daughter of John Capehart, of Byberry township, aged about 11 years, died on the 17th inst. after an illness of four days, with evident symptoms of hydrophobia.

## The Evening Post.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, November 23, 1822.

The 2d session of the 17th Congress of the United States, commences at Washington city on Monday week.

The Pennsylvania Legislature meet at Harrisburg on the first Tuesday in next month.

A convention of the Delegates of the Stockholders of the Bank of the United States, will be held in this city on Monday next, for the purpose of nominating a suitable person to be voted for as President of the Bank.

Mr. PHILIP J. GRAY, editor of the *Herald* and Gloucester Farmer, has been appointed by the Post-Master General, to be Post-Master at Woodbury, (N. J.) in the room of William Sailer, Esq. deceased.

A young man of genteel appearance who came from Baltimore, some days since, and took lodgings at the Indian Queen Hotel in this city, put an end to his existence on Thursday morning by shooting himself with a pistol. He travelled under the name of French, and represented himself to be a resident of Montreal, (Canada.)

The second trial of John Goss, for the murder of Keziah Stow, at the Court of Oyer and Terminer, now sitting, terminated on Thursday last, when the Jury, after an absence of one hour, returned with a verdict, pronouncing him "Guilty of Murder in the first degree." He will receive his sentence from the Judge at the close of the present term.

The New Orleans papers of 19, 20, 21 and 22d October, announce the continuance of the yellow fever with unabated violence. An impressive fact to shew the desolation of the City, is, that the Federal Court there was opened, and neither parties, lawyers, jurors, or witnesses, attended—and the Court was closed without having acted on a single cause.

Captain Loring arrived at this port from Malaga, informs, that General Riego, arrived at that place 20th September, from Madrid, and was received with enthusiasm by the Spaniards. Triumphant arches were erected, and every thing done to honour him.

The ship *Six Brothers*, Capt. Williams, has arrived at New-York from Havre, and last from Kinalee, Ireland, where she put too in consequence of head winds, and the indisposition of Major Gen. Baron Thuyll, Minister Plenipotentiary to the U. States, who had taken passage on board, but was left at that port to recover. The Catholic Bishop of Baltimore came passenger in this vessel.

To the Printer of the Evening Post.

DEAR SIR,—Papa has just read in the papers some news of an alarming nature that I cannot sleep until I solicit you to let us know your opinion of it, and give us a little advice on the subject.—I allude to that article which says the Emperor of China threatens to exclude all foreign commerce from his ports. Pray what is to be done, if this terrible account be correct. Why we cannot live without tea—and it will be almost as impossible to do without our beautiful Grape dresses and China. Pray tell me if you think the story is true, and you will vastly oblige your friend,

MARIAN.

[We cordially sympathize with our fair correspondent on the receipt of the heart rending intelligence she alludes to. We can only suggest that it would be well for her to call a General Meeting of the Fair Sex in this city, and appoint Delegates to meet and discuss with other Delegates from the different cities and towns of the Continent, on the propriety of sending an Ambassador to his Majesty, commanding him to rescind the edict immediately under pain of their displeasure.—But, on second thought, perhaps it would be best for Marian to wait till it is ascertained that the evil has certainly occurred, before she commences active operations.]

### COMMUNICATION.

The Philadelphia market is supposed to be equal to any in the world for the variety and excellence of its provisions.—But there are some articles in which it would admit of considerable improvement. Among these may be included the poultry, which is sometimes brought to market in such a disgusting state, from being suffered to run at large till the moment they are killed, and the entrails allowed to remain in them for several days till they are sold, as not to be fit for the table. I state this from experience.

If the citizens would refuse to purchase any fowl not properly dressed and cleaned, the evil would soon be remedied, and the market people would not have so good an opportunity of taking in the UNWARY.

### DRAMATIC SUMMARY.

The Circus in this city, closes for the season, on Thursday evening next. Since the opening of the house, the profits of the establishment must have netted between 10 and 12,000 dollars. The company go on immediately to Baltimore, where they will make a short stay, and then proceed to Washington.

The Baltimore Theatre closed on Friday evening, the 15th inst. with the grand romance of the Wood Demon.

The Washington city Theatre opened on Monday last, for one week, during the Races—after which, the company will return to Philadelphia, preparatory to the opening of the Chestnut street theatre.

A new building is erecting in Baltimore, by subscriptions, intended for Dramatic representations, the management of which will be given to Mr. H. Williams, formerly of this city. The company is now organizing, and will be composed of some actors of talent. Mr. and Mrs. Duff, and Mr. Drummond of the Circus, are engaged.

Mr. Cooper will commence an engagement at the New-York theatre next week. Mr. Mathews terminated his engagement on Wednesday last.

*A journey of three hundred miles for the sake of a hearty laugh!*—Such is the fame that Matthews, the English comedian, has acquired, that the National Advocate states, a company of gentlemen have chartered the steam boat *Fire Fly*, to convey them from Albany to New-York, for the sake of being present at his benefit. "If Mahomet will not go to the mountain, the mountain must go to Mahomet."

Mr. Phillips, the vocalist, and his pupil, Miss Davis, have been on a tour to the northern parts of the United States, and the two Canadas, where they met with considerable attentions. They gave a Concert at Albany last week, and it was expected they would pay another visit to the southward.

**FOREIGN.**—Mr. Kean is completely recovered from his severe indisposition, and performed the part of *Shylock* recently, at the Glasgow Theatre, for the benefit of Miss Byrne.

*Talma*, in *Regulus*, continues to attract all Paris. His strong resemblance in countenance and manner to the late Emperor is no trifling aid to him; *entre nous*, some of the plaudits bestowed upon the great actor are supposed to be intended as expressions of regard for the great warrior and Statesman now no more.

### ACADEMY OF TEACHERS.

At a meeting of the ACADEMY OF TEACHERS, held at the Old Philadelphia Academy, on the 16th inst. the following gentlemen were appointed to deliver Courses of Lectures:

Rev. M. M. Carl, *On the Analysis of the Human Mind*  
Mr. William Darby, *On Geography and History*  
Mr. John Hamer, *On Book-Keeping and Mercantile Law*  
Mr. A. E. Jessup, *On Astronomy*  
Mr. J. R. Chandler, *On Grammar*  
Mr. B. Mayo, *On Chemistry*  
Mr. George Denison, *On Eloquence*  
Introduction to some of the Courses will be delivered at the Old Philadelphia Academy, this evening, the 23d inst. to commence at half past 6 o'clock.

THOS. T. SMILEY, Sec'y.

## POSTSCRIPT.

By the arrival of the brig *Nancy*, Capt. Mathews, we have "Gibraltar News" to the 18th of October, containing Madrid dates to the 9th, and Genoa to the 2d, and Lisbon to the 3d of the same month.

These accounts appear to confirm what we were fearful was the case from reading the latest English and French papers, that the affairs of the Greeks are more gloomy. It is said that they have again experienced reverses, and that it is even not known where their fleet is. Some think it is dispersed through the Archipelago for the purpose of protecting and saving their unfortunate families. The Turkish squadron is blockading Corfu, and the vice consuls of foreign nations have fled through fear, and the inhabitants are flying to the mountains for safety.

A Genoa article of Oct. 2, says a French brig has arrived from Calamata in the Morea, where for some time was established the insurrectional government of the Greeks. She sailed on the 7th September, and confirms the accounts from that country lately published, reporting besides that many of their vessels are ranging the seas as corsairs.

A proposition was submitted to the Portuguese Cortes, on the 2d Oct. that the port of Lisbon should be declared free, and that two commercial companies should be formed—one for Africa, and the other for Asia. These projects were referred to the committee of commerce.

Prince Oscar, hereditary Prince of Sweden, has arrived at Florence, with a numerous suite. The Grand Duke sent him major domo to compliment him, and he was visited by the hereditary Prince, the Archduke Leopold.

A splendid eruption of Mount Vesuvius occurred on the night of the 6th September, which was unaccompanied by earthquake.

### PRICE CURRENT.

WHEAT FLOUR	55.50
RYE DO.	4.25
CORN MEAL	8.34
WHEAT IN GRAIN	1.25
RYE DO.	.77
CORN DO.—Flat 66—Round	63 & 72
OATS	.45
SHORTS	.30
BARLEY	.80
MARYLAND BEANS	1.20
FLAXSEED	.95

**DEATHS.**—The number of interments in this city last week, was 52. Of which there were 8 from the Almshouse and 5 people of colour.

The deaths in Baltimore, last week, were 30—14 males and 16 females.

The New-York city inspector reported the death of 33 persons during the preceding week.

### MARRIED.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Boyd, St. John's Church, Northern Liberties, Mr. JOHN MORTIMER of this city, to Miss MARY JELICO BRASS, of London.

On the evening of the 14th inst. by the Rev. James Patterson, Mr. MARTIN GAUL, Brewer, to Miss MATILDA SOUDER, daughter of Charles Souder, Esq. all of Philadelphia.

On Thursday evening, the 14th inst. by Robert Wharton, Esq. VINCENT GILPIN, to NAOMI, daughter of Mr. Joseph Robinson, all of Wilmington, Delaware.

On the 16th inst. by the Rev. Thomas Griffin, Mr. SAMUEL ALEXANDER, to Miss CATHARINE CHRISTIE, of the Northern Liberties.

On the evening of the 12th inst. by S. Badger, Esq. Mr. JOHN HIGGINS, of St. Georges, to Miss ANN M. SAWYER, both of New-Castle County, State of Delaware.

On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Hayden, Lieut. T. I. HARRIS, of the U. S. Artillery, to Miss ELIZA C. daughter of M. Carey, Esq.

On Thursday evening, by the Rev. Mr. Roach, Mr. WILLIAM SPRENGER, to Miss MILDRED MAUL, both of Southwark.

On Thursday evening last, by the Right Rev. Bishop Conwell, Mr. P. G. NAGLE, to Miss CATHARINE SCULLY, both of this city.

On Thursday evening, by the Rev. Mr. Cruise, Mr. N. L. KEYSER, lumber merchant, to Miss MARIA, daughter of Alderman John Geyer.

On the 21st inst. by the Rev. Thomas Griffin, Mr. JACOB W. SEXTON, to Mrs. CATHARINE SLAUGHTER.

### DIED.

On Saturday, the 16th inst. DODSWORTH PEACOCK, aged 24.

On Saturday evening last, Mr. JOHN PORTER, Sen. aged 69.

On Monday afternoon last, MARY, wife of John Bradley.

On Sunday last, Mr. JOHN FRANKLIN, aged 49, of the Northern Liberties.

On Monday evening last, Mr. JOSIAH SIDONS, aged 61.

On Sunday morning last, Mr. ALEXANDER RAMSEY, aged 50.

On Tuesday evening, Mrs. ANN GORDON, wife of David F. Gordon, Esq.

On Wednesday evening, Mr. CHARLES SMITH, Merchant.

On Wednesday morning, Mr. MOTHERAL WILSON, (of the house of Wm. Wilson & Co.)

Yesterday morning, Mrs. MARGARET NONNATER, aged 77.

Last evening, HARTLEY TIUM, aged 18, son of Mr. John Tiim.

At Columbus, Ohio, on the 30th ult. Mrs. MARGARET LACKEY, aged 36, consort of Mr. Henry Lackey, late of Philadelphia.

At New-Orleans, on the 20th ult. of the prevailing fever, Mr. FRANCIS CROFT, Bookseller, late of Philadelphia.

### Meeting of Firemen.

AGREEABLY to the resolution of the Delegates of the Fire Engine Companies, the undersigned, a committee of said delegates, request a general meeting of the FIREMEN of the City of Philadelphia, on Tuesday evening next, the 26th inst. at 6 o'clock, at the County Court House, corner of 6th and Chestnut streets.

WILLIAM P. SMITH.  
JOHN HORN,  
JAMES BARNETT.

Nov 23—1t

### THIMBLE MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber continues the manufacture of GOLD AND SILVER THIMBLES, at his old stand, No. 65, Arch Street, between Second and Third Streets, on as low terms and as good quality as can be obtained. Also has on hand an assortment of JEWELLERY, SILVER SPOONS, &c. &c.

Nov 23—4t

## PUBLIC SALES.

BY COMLY & TEVIN, Auctioneers.  
No. 73 Market Street.

On Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, on a parcel of 60 days, for approved notes.

A large assortment of fresh imported and reasonable Dry Goods, in lots.

Also, an extensive variety of Household Goods.

**DRY GOODS.**

On Saturday morning next, at 9 o'clock, will be sold, on a credit,

An extensive assortment of DRY GOODS, suited to the season.



At the residence of Walnut and Ninth sts.

This Evening, November 23.

MR. BELMONT'S BENEFIT.

Performances—Columbian Family, (2d time)—Yeoman's astonishing feats—Trotter's feats on fire horses—Still Vanishing—A comic song by Burdett—Belmont's performance, via Chorus and Chorus—Black Wire—Description of the Southern Mail—Surprising feats of balancing with weights when in ladder, &c. &c.—Mr. Hunter on the Tight Rope—and THE HUNTED TAILOR.

Performances to conclude with the grand singing of

OSCAR AND MALVINA;  
Or, the Ball of Fire!

Mr. Carter's Benefit on Monday.

**WANTED, an Agent to procure** subscribers for the publication of a *Who's Who*. Respectable references will be required. Enquire at No. 13 Peabody's Court, or

Nov 23—1t

**Bucks County Farm.**

Will be sold, at public vendue, on Saturday, the 7th day of December, on the premises, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

A VALUABLE FARM, situated in Plumstead Township, Bucks County, 34 miles from Doylestown, and 29 miles from Philadelphia, containing 111 acres of land, 30 of which is well timbered, and 10 acres of watered meadow, the residue in a good state of cultivation and well enclosed with good fences.

The improvements consist of a new two-story Stone House, four rooms on a floor with a piazza in front, a good Barn built of stone, stable high 52 by 38 feet, and a number of necessary out-buildings, and a well of excellent water at the dwelling house. Also on the premises, a young thriving Apple Orchard and a variety of other Fruit Trees. Possession on the first of April next—Attendance will be given, and the conditions, which will be accommodating, made known on the day of sale, by JOHN HOLDENMAN, or on application to

S. PAGE & SON,  
Brokers and Land Agents, No. 2 & 4, Fifth Street, Nov 23—2\*

## PRACTISING BAILS.

AND COTILLION PARTIES.

A BONAFIDE first Cotillion Party will be held at the place on Friday next the 29th inst. for which no extra charge is made to scholars, and to non-scholars \$3 for the season, to continue every other Friday, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Parents of scholars and subscribers are particularly invited to attend, to whom tickets will be given, as to other persons will be admitted, and none to dance but scholars and subscribers.

His first Practising Ball will take place by subscription on Thursday, the 5th of December next, being the first Thursday of the month, and continue every Thursday for the season subscription.

Nov 23—2t

**JUST PUBLISHED**

BY BENNETT & WALTON No. 37 Market street, Philadelphia: CONVERSATIONS ON ETYMOLOGY AND SYNTAX, being an Abstract of Conversations on English Grammar, to which Exercises in False Syntax are annexed, adapted to the use of families and schools. By CHARLES M. INGERSOLL.

There is no other method of teaching that of which any one is ignorant, than by means of something already known.—Dr. Johnson.

Oct 25—1t

## REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his GOLD AND SILVER THIMBLE and PENCIL CASE MANUFACTORY, from No. 89 south Second street, to No. 45 Chestnut street, three doors above Second—Where he will continue to manufacture, and keep constantly for sale, the above Articles, of a superior quality.—He thanks his friends and the public for former favours, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

Nov 16—6m

JACOB STOCKMAN.

## FOR SALE.

Or Barter for City Property.

A valuable tract of Land, containing 287 acres, situated in Lancaster county, Abington township, about 25 miles above York, where a considerable portion of the tract is in an arable state, and its value has been recently enhanced by the opening of a turnpike through it. A small tenement is erected thereon.

The title to this estate is indisputable, and can be obtained on reasonable terms. For particulars, enquire of

A. C. GAILY,  
No. 64, North Second Street.

Nov 16—3t

## FRANKFORD PROPERTY.

WILL be sold at public vendue, without reserve, on TUESDAY, 26th of November, at three o'clock in the afternoon, the following described Real Estate: a one and half story Frame House and Lot of Ground on which the same is erected, situate in the Borough of Frankford, containing in front on Paul street, 483 feet, and in length or depth to an intended street, 193 feet, bounded by ground of Joseph Paul, Benjamin Gallaher, and others—clear of all incumbrances.—The terms, which will be accommodating, made known on the day of sale, or on application to

S. PAGE & SON,  
No. 8 South Fifth Street.

Nov 16—2t

## Pro Bono Publico.

F. VARIN.

TEACHER OF LANGUAGES, No. 77, ARCH STREET, begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that these languages, viz. Latin, Spanish, French and German, are taught, according to his own approved plan, on such liberal terms, as to accommodate all such as may be disposed to encourage learning. For the benefit of such students are received, according to age and situation, on the following terms: one Class of Young Ladies, and another of young gentlemen at \$3 dollars each per annum; payable in advance. Evening classes are formed as usual. For further particulars and references, enquire as above.

N. B.—F. Varin teaches also in the Academies of the Rev. Dr. Wylie, Mr. Engler, Mr. Denison, &c. &c.

Nov 23—1t



